Digital Libraries and Development





Hussein Suleman hussein@cs.uct.ac.za

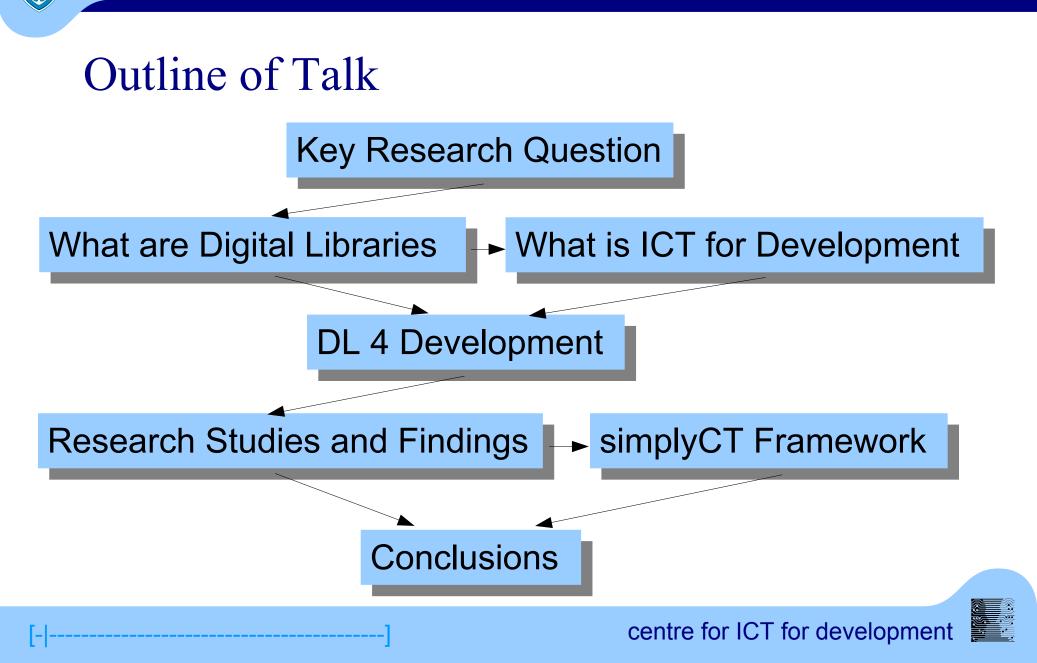
University of Cape Town Department of Computer Science Centre for ICT4D / Digital Libraries Laboratory

September 2016



How do we build **Digital Libraries** to support **Development** in Africa?







What are Digital Libraries



UNIVERSITY OF CAPE TOWN IYUNIVESITHI YASEKAPA • UNIVERSITEIT VAN KAAPSTAD



What is a Digital Library: Example 1/5





UNIVERSITY OF CAPE TOWN IYUNIVESITHI YASEKAPA • UNIVERSITEIT VAN KAAPSTAD



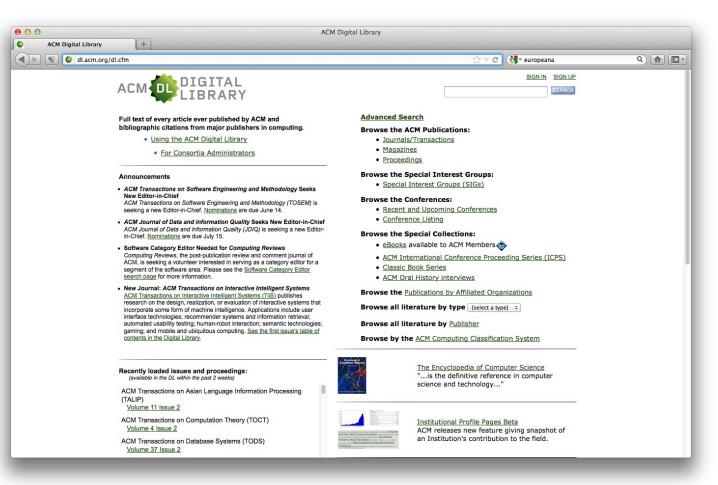
What is a Digital Library: Example 2/5



UNIVERSITY OF CAPE TOWN



What is a Digital Library: Example 3/5







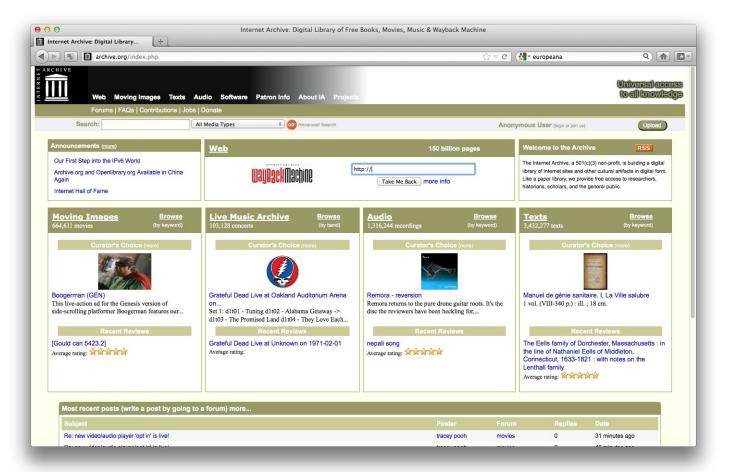
What is a Digital Library: Example 4/5

🔋 UCT CS Research Document Archive - Welcome to UCT CS Research Document Archive - Mozilla Firefox						
<u>File E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew Hi <u>s</u> tory <u>B</u> ookmarks <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp		••••				
🔇 📀 🙆 🔵 🏠 💿 http://pubs.cs.uct.ac.za/	😵 🧿 🖾 Google	00				
UCT CS Research Document Archive	Home About Browse Search Register User Area	<u>Help</u>				
Welcome to UCT CS Research Do	ocument Archive					
	<u>e</u> Research Document Archive, which archives and makes and by-products of research in the department.					
Search the Titles, Authors, Abstracts and Keywor	ds : Search	0				
Browse						
Browse the archive by <u>Subject</u> , <u>Year</u> , <u>Lab</u> or <u>Type</u> .						
Latest Additions						
View items added to the archive in the past week.						
Simple Search						
Done		•				





What is a Digital Library: Example 5/5





Defining Digital Libraries 1/3

Digital libraries are complex data/information/knowlege (hereafter information) systems that help: satisfy the information needs of users (societies), provide information services (scenarios), organize information in usable ways (structures), manage the location of information (spaces), and communicate information with users and their agents (streams)."

> Fox, Edward A. (1999), DL Self-Study: definitions. Available http://ei.cs.vt.edu/~dlib/def.htm





Defining Digital Libraries 2/3

- Systems providing a community of users with coherent access to a large, organized repository of information and knowledge."
 - Lynch, Clifford and Hector Garcia-Molina (1995), "Interoperability, scaling, and the digital libraries research agenda: A report on the May 18-19, 1995 IITA Digital Libraries Workshop".
- "The virtual or digital library is not an oxymoron-it is redundant. ... Since we did not bother to qualify our libraries by calling them clay libraries or papyrus scroll libraries, why now do we have to call them digital libraries?"
 - Braude, Robert and Samuel J. Wood (1999), "Virtual or actual: The term library is enough", Bulletin of the Medical Library Association, p. 87.



Defining Digital Libraries 3/3

- A digital library is "a world of literature, history, photographs, movies and maps open, free of charge, to any curious mind that wants to meander through the electronic equivalent of library stacks."
 - Lipkin, Richard (1995), "The library that isn't there: Digital libraries transform books, photos, and videos into bits and bytes", Science News, Vol. 147, No. 22, pp. 344-346.



Typical DL Services

- User Management: accounts, auth, profile
- Searching: info retrieval, Google, indexing
- Browsing: categories, classification, subsets
- Submission: explicit/harvested/crawled
- Review: quality, workflow
- Annotation: reviews, ratings, discussions
- Recommendation: suggestions, collab filtering





Variety of Perspectives

- Computer Science
 - technical issues
 - preference for automatic solutions e.g. Google
- Library Science
 - policies and organisational issues
 - preference for human-mediated solutions, e.g. library cataloguing
- Information Science
 - philosophical issues ?
- Physics, Chemistry, Medicine, Economics, etc.
 - practical issues how can we leverage digital libraries to solve our information management problems?

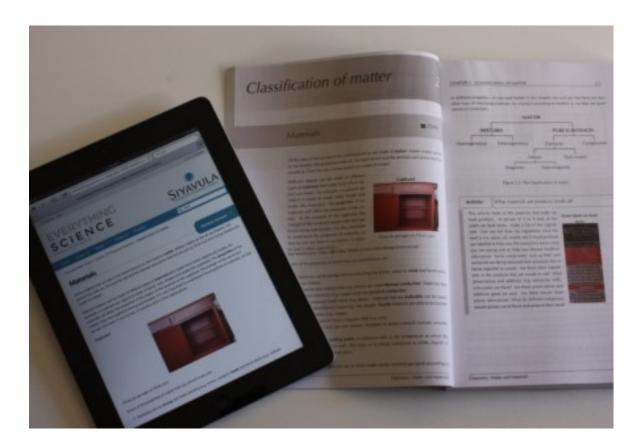




What is ICT for Development



What is ICT4D: Example 1/3







What is ICT4D: Example 2/3

PATIENT'S BLOOD	GROUP			
KNOWN ALLERGI	ES			
VACCINATIO	ON RECO	RDS		
Vaccine	Date Received	Given by (signature)	Effective for approx	Booster/ Revaccination due date
HUMAN NORMAL2ml			1-3m	
GLOBULIN For Hepatitis A 5ml			3-5m	1.1.4
HEPATITIS A	1.25			1.
Dose 1	30.19	5	boost 6-12m	2015
Booster	21098		≤10y	2005.
HEPATITIS B**	11-8.00	KDAUNU.		
Dose 1			N/A	
Dose 2	14/2/11	Dan	N/A	-
Dose 3			≤5y	
Dose 4 (IF REQUIRED)		2		
COMBINED HEPATITIS A & B				
Dose 1			N/A	
Dose 2	0 7	55. S. S.	N/A	
Dose 3			≤10y hep	atitis A
			≤5y hepat	titis B

Vaccine	Date Received	Given by (signature)	Effective for approx	Booster/ Revaccination due date*
MENINGITIS (A+C) ω ץ	21.2.9	5	5y'	
	14/2/11	Dan	3-541	5
POLIO'	1995	E Yellow Fe		
RABIES				
Dose 1			N/A	
Dose 2			N/A	
Dose 3			2-3y	
DIPHTHERIA/ TETANUS BOOSTER/61.0	722/2	-1.	(10y).	be
	3		10y	1
TETANUS' BOOSTER	23.1.95	5.	10y	
ТҮРНОІД	21099	8	32	22/2/11
	21/105	s up	Byr	3x aug
YELLOW FEVER	995		10y	
	14/2/11	Dan	10 412	2021
doctor or nurse befo *Some people may 'Children under the	ore travelling require a boo age of 2 year st have been	y change from time that your immunisal ster before date sug rs: effective up to 2 y completed previous	tions are up-t gested. Check rears.	o-date.





What is ICT4D: Example 3/3





Defining Development 1/3

- Development entails a modern infrastructure (both physical and institutional), and a move away from low value added sectors such as agriculture and natural resource extraction.
- Developed countries usually have economic systems based on continuous, self-sustaining economic growth and high standards of living.

Aronson (2006) Development: Definitions and Assumptions



Defining Development 2/3

"...development is a complex multi-level ongoing process for all individuals, groups, organizations and societies. It is not something possessed by one group of countries as distinct from another. I therefore find the linguistic distinction of 'developed' and 'developing' countries rather unfortunate and in some ways offensive. It is patronising to the latter group, and an inaccurate description of the former."

> Walsham (2005) Development, global future and IS research: a polemic, J Strategic Info Sys.



Defining Development 3/3

Development requires the removal of major sources of unfreedoms: poverty as well as tyranny, poor economic opportunities as well as intolerance or overactivity of repressive states."

Sen (1999) Development as freedom, Oxford Univ Press.





Digital Libraries for Development



The African Context/Question

- Do we as Africa need to innovate:
 - more?
 - differently?
 - faster?
 - more urgently?
- Do we build digital libraries differently in Africa?
- How do we build DLs for Development?



Examples: What We Do Not Need

- applications that waste bandwidth
 - e.g., video where text will work fine
- solutions that require lots of money+staff
 - e.g., outsourced digital archives
- expensive technology
 - e.g., replicated NAS/SAN storage
- solutions that lock us in
 - e.g., iPad-specific solutions



Principles of DL4D

- Efficient bandwidth use
- Advanced technology
- Appropriate technology
- Local relevance
- Modernization instead of Africanization
- Global applicability of solutions
- Minimalism of staff/money
- Multicultural/multilingual inclusivity



Implementing DLs for Development

recent research at UCT

- cloud computing for archives
- bandwidth-sensitive information applications
- multilingual IR
- heritage preservation
- rock art sites navigation
- mobile IR in African languages
- social media analytics for democracy





Experiments and Findings





Cloud-based Archives



[&]quot;It was much nicer before people started storing all their personal information in the cloud."

Lebeko Poulo, Lesotho Mushashu Lumpa, Zambia

- individual services and whole archives in private clouds
- install locally
- reduces need for skilled staff
- instant archives
- shared resources
- automatic scalability
- acceptable performance, after cache priming
- user studies in progress





Low-bandwidth Collaboration

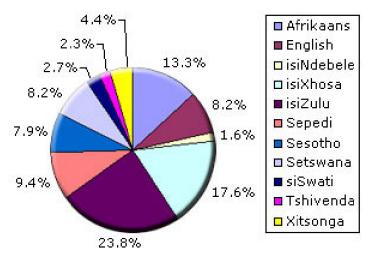


Tresor Mvumbi, DRC Flora Kundaeli, Swaziland Zafika Manzi, South Africa

- collaboration software for low bandwidth use
- dynamic bandwidth use
- priorities for services for best user experience
- measured bandwidth was often suitable for 56k modem!
- user experience carefully managed



Multilingual Information Retrieval



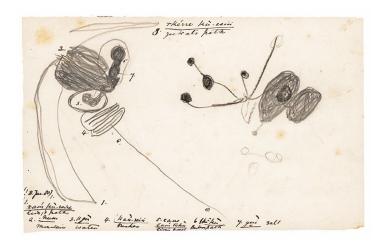
⁽source: SA Info)

Mohammed Mustafa Ali, Sudan

- search queries with multiple languages
- current systems biased to one language
- rerank documents by understanding query and reweighting languages/results
- better quality results found, higher up in results



Heritage Preservation: Bleek and Lloyd Collection

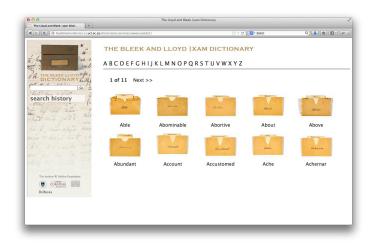


offline+online digital archive

- multiple modes of use to deal with network availability
- cacheable
- no server required
- no database
- preservation by copying



Language Preservation: Online |Xam dictionary



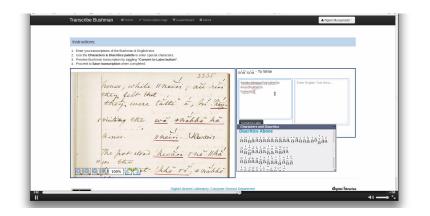
visual dictionary of |Xam language

- simple archive foundation
- client-side processing as far as possible
- Iinked into Bleek and Lloyd

Kyle Williams, South Africa



Document Transcription: Bleek and Lloyd Stories



Ngoni Munyaradzi, Zimbabwe

- crowdsourced transcription application
- volunteers to convert images to text
- automated algorithms to check and assess quality
- interactive Web interface for users to enter text
- 10% better than AI approaches!



Mobile Navigation in Rock Art Sites



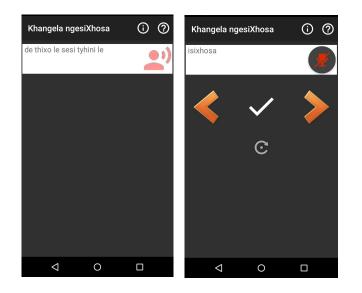
Ayodeji Olojeda, Nigeria

- rock art sites are in remote locations, poorly marked and protected
- mobile phone with image processing and contentbased IR
- detect image and provide contextual information
- tested successfully with rock art in Western Cape





Voice-based IR interface in isiXhosa



Morebodi Modise, Botswana

- 8 million isiXhosa speakers, low literacy levels
- Mobile application to search using voice
- trained using emerging speech corpora
- successfully evaluated for usability of voice interface



Social Media Analytics for Democracy



analyse social media, such as Twitter to detect attributes:

- how democratic is a society?
- is there freedom of expression?
- are elections free and fair?
- is there equality in society?

Selvas Mwanza, Zambia





simplyCT Framework



centre for ICT for development

----- -----



UNIVERSITY OF CAPE TOWN

Principled Architecture of Modern DLSs

Minimalism

- No imposition on users
- Preservation by copying
- Web or no Web
- Generality
- Reduce abstractions





simplyCT is a framework for simple online or offline digital archives with preservation, standardisation and extensibility being major focii.



/archive

- file1.jpg
- file1.jpg.metadata
- file2.jpg
- file2.jpg.metadata
- /index
 - search.1/ ...
- /service
 - onlinesearch.1/ ...
 - offlinesearch.1/ ...
- /static
 - file1.html







simplyCT Experiments 1/3

Bleek and Lloyd Collection

- Database-less custom repository
- Proof of concept
- Caljax
 - Hybrid online-offline collection
 - Minimal network use
 - Transparent integration of information



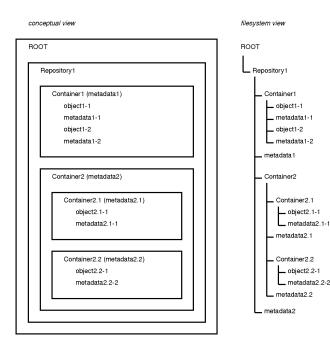


simplyCT Experiments 2/3

- simplyCT IR
 - Institutional Repository software
 - Proof of concept
- Bonolo
 - Generic Web-based curation system
 - Positive user experience results
 - Some performance concerns



simplyCT Experiments 3/3



- performance
- understandability
- flexibility
- applicability
- good performance for small to medium collections
- easy to use and expand



Phiri Lighton, Zambia



Conclusions



centre for ICT for development

-- | --



- We are not special. We produce local solutions with global applicability.
- Modern DLs can focus on different design philosophies e.g., scalability.
- African DLs can be driven by the development imperative.
 - This can and should influence the global design process.
- Still a lot to be done ...



Where to in Future







questions, comments, ...



University of Cap

taba · Universiteit

hussein@cs.uct.ac.za